Romania’s Sovietization after 1945 caused a great rupture in its relations with the Western European countries. This study explores the evolution of the Romanian-British relations in the first decade after the war, focusing on the influence of international politics upon the relations of the two countries. The main object of interest was economic, for both sides. Romania was interested in importing industrial goods from Britain, in order to reconstruct the economy and support the Stalinist industrialization process. On the other hand, Britain was interested in importing agricultural products from Romania. The relations were compromised by the growing international tension at the beginning of the Cold War. Also, the Communist regime’s decision to nationalize industry, which affected British interests in Romania, had a great impact on the relations of the two countries.

**Keywords:** sovietization, Cold War, Romanian-British relations, agriculture, industrialization